Learning Outcome Military History



LEARNING OUTCOMES

Military History

Lesson no. 1 : Warrior System in Ancient India

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) explain the need and importance of boundaries between the states.
- (ii) explain the need of creating armies and the way of their formation.
- (iii) recognise the different types of ancient weapons and their use.
- (iv) assess the importance of laws of war.

Lesson no. 2 : Armies in Ancient Age

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the different types of organisation of the armies.
- (ii) explain the characteristics of a regular army.
- (iii) analyse the different strategies and tactics used in the war.

Lesson no. 3 : Military Ethos

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) recognise the importance of Flag/Dhwaj and war music.
- (ii) explain the qualities of a good soldier.

Lesson no. 4 : Maurya and Gupta Armies

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the strength of Mauryan army and its units.
- (ii) explain the impact of Kalinga war.
- (iii) recognise the Chankya's policies and view point about administrative organisation.
- (iv) describe about the organisation and working of Gupta Empire and its outcomes.

Lesson no. 5 : Establishment of the Delhi Sultanate

- (i) assess the impact of foreign invasions on India during the Medieval period.
- (ii) describe the different battles that helped the consolidation of Muslim rule and establisment of Delhi Sultanate.

- (iii) recognise the positive aspects of Delhi Sultanat.
- (iv) explain the reasons for the weakening of Delhi Sultanate and its end.

Lesson no. 6 : Military System of the Mughals

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) explain the reasons that led to the establishment of Mughal Empire in India.
- (ii) describe about Mughal Military structure and the different kinds of artillery.
- (iii) recognise the variety of weapons used by Mughals.

Lesson no. 7 : Battles of Mughal Army

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the different battles fought by Mughals.
- (ii) explain the different war tactis and firearms used by Mughals.
- (iii) describe the battles of Khanwa, battle of Chanderi and their outcome.

Lesson no. 8 : Rise and Fall of the Mughal Army

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) explain the Mansabdari system introduced by Akbar.
- (ii) describe the second battle of Panipat, the battle of Haldighati and the result of these battles.
- (iii) explain the causes that led to the downfall of Mughals.

Lesson no. 9 : Colonial Era and the Indian Sepoy

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the history of Colonial rule (Portuguese, Dutch, French, British) in India.
- (ii) describe the establishment of Presidencies and their role.
- (iii) explain the organisation of Presidencies.
- (iv) explain the establishment of Native Indian Army and identification of warrior classes among Indian Society.

Lesson no. 10 : Battles Fought in the Colonial Era

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the different wars and battles fought between the year 1652 to 1820.
- (ii) explain the reason for these wars and battles.
- (iii) analyse the impact of these wars and battles fought between 1652 to 1820.

Learning Outcome Military History



Learning Outcome Military History



Lesson no 11 : Revolt of 1857 and Reforms in the Indian Army

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) recognise the reason and importance of first war of independence in 1857.
- (ii) explain the need of reforms in the Indian Army.
- (iii) describe the reforms made in the organisation of Indian Army.

Lesson no 12 : Indian Army in World War I & II

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) explain the reason for World War I.
- (ii) illustrate the contributation of Indian troops in World War I and World War II.
- (iii) describe major battles of World War I.
- (iv) recognise the sacrifices of Indian Army Victoria cross winners in World II.

Lesson no 13 : Indian Army

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) distinguish between the historic transformation of Indian Armed Forces before and after independence.
- (ii) recognise the roles and tasks of Indian Army.
- (iii) explain command, control and composition of the Indian Army.
- (iv) Identify weapons and equipment of Indian Army.

Lesson no 14 : Indian Navy

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) describe the origin and evolution of the Indian Navy.
- (ii) recognise the different roles and responsibilities of the Indian Navy.
- (iii) become familiar with the organisational structure of Indian Navy.
- (iv) identify the large operational fleet consisting of various domestic built and foreign vessels.

Lesson no 15 : The Indian Air Force

- (i) describe the historic evolution of Indian Air Force before and after independence.
- (ii) recognise the roles and responsibilities of the Indian Air Force.
- (iii) become familiar with the organisational structure of the Indian Air Force.

- (iv) illustrate the importance of integrated space cell.
- (v) list the various branches of IAF for day to day operations.

Lesson no 16 : Indo-Pakistan War (1947-48)

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) explain the reasons behind the Kashmir problem.
- (ii) interpret how India looked like in the pre-partition days.
- (iii) describe the major battles that took place between 1947-48.
- (iv) recognise the way the princely state of Hyderabad was announced.
- (v) trace the history of Portugese Goa to liberated Goa after independence.

Lesson no. 17 : Sino-Indian War - 1962

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) analyse the problem between India and China.
- (ii) trace the events on the western as well as eastern sector.
- (iii) explain the causes of failure of the Border war with China.

Lesson no. 18 : India-Pakistan War - 1965

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) analyse the problem Rann of Kutch, what happened there and to what result.
- (ii) describe the incidents that took place in Jammu & Kashmir leading into a real war.
- (iii) recognise the Indian response to the war and the final outcome.
- (iv) trace the conflicts with Pakistan in the Lahore and Rajasthan sectors and their consequences.
- (v) become familiar with the efforts of the U.N. Security Council resulting into cease fire.

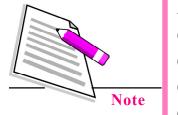
Lesson no. 19 : India - Pakistan War - 1971

- (i) analyse the reasons for India-Pakistan war in 1971.
- (ii) describe the major operations of the 1971 war in Eastern Front as well as the western front.
- (iii) recognise the brave actions of Indian Navy in the Naval operations.
- (iv) Interpret the consequences after the war ended.





Learning Outcome Military History



Lesson no. 20 : Kargil Conflict 1999

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) identify the geographical location of Kargil.
- (ii) analyse the causes of conflict.
- (iii) describe 'Operation Vijay' its different phases.
- (iv) recognise the role of Indian Army, Indian Air Force and the Indian Navy.
- (v) Assess the performance of 'Oper Vijay' 'Operation Safed Jagan' and 'Operation Talwar'.
- (vi) analyse the role of Indian media during Kargil conflict.

Lesson no. 21 : Insurgency

After studying the lesson, the learner will be able to -

- (i) distinguish between insurgency and terrorism.
- (ii) define civil resistance, guerrilla warfare and Naxalite/Maoists.
- (iii) describe the insurgency in the North East of India.
- (iv) analyse the causes and the impact of Left Wing extremism in India.
- (v) explain the causes of insurgency.
- (vi) assess the counter insurgency operations.

Lesson no. 22 : Terrorism

- (i) define terrorism.
- (ii) trace the history of terrorism.
- (iii) distinguish between different forms of terrorism.
- (iv) explain the different tacties used by the terrorists.
- (v) suggest measures to be taken to the war against terrorism.
- (vi) assess the impact of terrorism in India.